#	QUESTION	YES	NO	N/A	STANDARD	COMMENT
5.2	Awareness Training (AT) ¹					
1.	Has the Tribe or TGRA developed an organizational-level awareness and training policy to ensure all personnel with physical or logical access ² to CJI ³ /CHRI ⁴ are aware of their specific individual responsibilities and expected behavior when they access it or systems that contain or process it?				AT	
	Does the training policy convey the impact those individual positions have on the overall security of information systems? For the questions above, simply restating controls does not constitute an organizational policy or procedure.				AT	
2.	Does the Tribe or TGRA disseminate its organization-level awareness and training policy to all personnel when their unescorted logical or physical access to any information system results in the ability, right, or privilege to view, modify, or make use of unencrypted CHRI?				AT-1, a.1	
	Does the Tribe or TGRA document its dissemination of the policy?				AT-1, a.1	

¹ These requirements are sanctionable for audit beginning October 1, 2023.

² The physical or logical (electronic) ability, right or privilege to view, modify or make use of CJI.

³ Criminal Justice Information (CJI) is the abstract term used to refer to all of the FBI CJIS provided data necessary for law enforcement agencies to perform their mission and enforce the laws, including but not limited to: biometric, identity history, person, organization, property (when accompanied by any personally identifiable information), and case/incident history data. In addition, CJI refers to the FBI CJIS-provided data necessary for civil agencies to perform their mission; including, but not limited to data used to make hiring decisions. The following type of data are exempt from the protection levels required for CJI: transaction control type numbers (e.g., ORI, NIC, UCN, etc.) when not accompanied by information that reveals CJI or PII.

⁴ Criminal History Record Information (CHRI) is a subset of CJI. Any notations or other written or electronic evidence of an arrest, detention, complaint, indictment, information or other formal criminal charge relating to an identifiable person that includes identifying information regarding the individual as well as the disposition of any charges.

#	QUESTION	YES	NO	N/A	STANDARD	COMMENT
3.	Does the Tribe or TGRA's organization-level awareness and training policy address its purpose ⁵ , scope, roles, responsibilities, management commitment, coordination among organizational entities, and compliance?				AT-1, a.1(a)	
	Is the policy is consistent with applicable laws, executive orders, directives, regulations, policies, standards, and guidelines?				AT-1, a.1(b)	
	Has the Tribe or TGRA developed procedures to facilitate the implementation of the awareness and training policy and the associated awareness and training controls?				AT-1, a.2	
4.	Based on inquiry and record examination, has the Tribe or TGRA designated organizational personnel with information security awareness and training responsibilities to manage the development, documentation, and dissemination of the awareness and training policy and procedures?				AT-1, b	
5.	Based on inquiry and record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA review and update the current awareness and training policy annually and following changes in the information system operating environment, when security incidents occur or when changes to the CJIS Security Policy are made?				AT-1, c.1	
6.	Based on inquiry and record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA review and update its procedures annually and following changes in information system operating environment, when security incidents occur or when changes in the CJIS Security Policy are made?				AT-1, c.2	
7.	Based on inquiry and record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA provide security and privacy literacy training to system users (including managers, senior executives, and contractors) as part of initial training for new users prior to the users accessing CJI and annually thereafter?				AT-2, a.1	

⁵ See Question 1.

#	QUESTION	YES	NO	N/A	STANDARD	COMMENT
8.	Based on inquiry and record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA provide security and privacy literacy training to system users (including managers, senior executives, and contractors) when required by system changes or within 30 days of any security event for individuals involved in the event?				AT-2, a.2	
9.	Based on record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA employ one or more of the following techniques to increase the security and privacy awareness of system users?					
	1. Displaying posters				AT-2, b.1	
	2. Offering supplies inscribed with security and					
	privacy reminders				AT-2, b.2	
	3. Displaying logon screen messages				AT-2, b.3	
	4. Generating email advisories or notices from				. T. O. 1. 4	
	organizational officials				AT-2, b.4	
	5. Conducting awareness events				AT-2, b.5	
10.	Does the Tribe or TGRA update literacy training and awareness content annually and following changes in the information system operating environment, when security incidents occur or when changes are made in the CJIS Security Policy?				AT-2, c	
11	Does the Tribe or TGRA incorporate lessons learned from internal or external security incidents or breaches into literacy training and awareness techniques?				AT-2, d	
12.	Does the Tribe or TGRA provide literacy training on recognizing and reporting potential indicators of insider threats?				AT-2, (2)	
13.	Does the Tribe or TGRA provide literacy training on recognizing and reporting potential and actual instances of social engineering and social mining?				AT-2, (3)	

#	QUESTION	YES	NO	N/A	STANDARD	COMMENT
14.	Based on record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA provide role-based security and privacy training to personnel with the following roles and responsibilities?					
	 All individuals with unescorted access to a physically secure location. General User: A user, but not a process, who is authorized to use an information system. Privileged User: A user that is authorized (and, therefore, trusted) to perform security-relevant functions that general users are not authorized to perform. 				AT-3, a AT-3, a	
	 Organizational Personnel with Security Responsibilities: Personnel with the responsibility to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of CJI and the implementation of technology in a manner compliant with the CJIS Security Policy. 				AT-3, a	
15.	Based on inquiry and record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA provide role-based security and privacy training to personnel before authorizing access to the system, information, or performing assigned duties, and annually thereafter?				AT-3, a.1	
16.	Based on inquiry and record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA provide role-based security and privacy training to personnel when required by system changes?				AT-3, a.2	
17.	Does the Tribe or TGRA update role-based training content annually and following audits; changes in the information system operating environment; security incidents; or when changes are made to the CJIS Security Policy?				AT-3, b	
18.	Does the Tribe or TGRA incorporate lessons learned into role-based training from internal or external security incidents or breaches?				AT-3, c	

# 9	QUESTION	YES	NO	N/A	STANDARD	COMMENT
i i	Based on record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA incorporate the minimum following topics into appropriate role-based training content for all individuals with unescorted access to a physically secure location?					
1 0 0	a. Access, Use and Dissemination of Criminal History Record Information (CHRI), NCIC Restricted Files Information, and NCIC Non- Restricted Files Information Penalties b. Reporting Security Events c. Incident Response Training d. System Use Notification e. Physical Access Authorizations f. Physical Access Control g. Monitoring Physical Access h. Visitor Control i. Personnel Sanctions				AT-3, d.1.a AT-3, d.1.b AT-3, d.1.c AT-3, d.1.d AT-3, d.1.e AT-3, d.1.f AT-3, d.1.f AT-3, d.1.h AT-3, d.1.h	

#	QUESTION	YES	NO	N/A	STANDARD	COMMENT
20.	Based on record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA include the following topics into appropriate role-based training content for a General User ⁶ , in addition to AT-3 d.1?					
	a. Criminal Justice Information				AT-3, d.2.a	
	b. Proper Access, Use, and Dissemination of					
	NCIC Non-Restricted Files Information				AT-3, d.2.b	
	c. Personally Identifiable Information				AT-3, d.2.c	
	d. Information Handling				AT-3, d.2.d	
	e. Media Storage				AT-3, d.2.e	
	f. Media Access				AT-3, d.2.f	
	g. Audit Monitoring, Analysis, and Reporting				AT-3, d.2.g	
	h. Access Enforcement				AT-3, d.2h	
	i. Least Privilege				AT-3, d.2.i	
	j. System Access Control				AT-3, d.2.j	
	k. Access Control Criteria				AT-3, d.2.k	
	1. System Use Notification				AT-3, d.2.1	
	m. Session Lock				AT-3, d.2.m	
	n. Personally Owned Information Systems				AT-3, d.2.n	
	o. Password				AT-3, d.2.o	
	p. Access Control for Display Medium				AT-3, d.2.p	
	q. Encryption				AT-3, d.2.q	
	r. Malicious Code Protection				AT-3, d.2.r	
	s. Spam and Spyware Protection				AT-3, d.2.s	
	t. Cellular Devices				AT-3, d.2.t	
	u. Mobile Device Management				AT-3, d.2.u	
	v. Wireless Device Risk Mitigations				AT-3, d.2.v	
	w. Wireless Device Malicious Code Protection				AT-3, d.2.w	
	x. Literacy Training and Awareness/Social				A.T. 2. 1.2	
	Engineering and Mining				AT-3, d.2.x	
	y. Identification and Authentication				AT 2 12	
	(Organizational Users)				AT-3, d.2.y	
	z. Media Protection				AT-3, d.2.z	

⁶ A user, but not a process, who is authorized to use an information system.

#	QUESTION	YES	NO	N/A	STANDARD	COMMENT
21.	Based on record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA include the following topics into appropriate role-based training content for a Privileged User ⁷ , in addition to AT-3 d.1 and 2?					
	a. Access Controlb. System and Communications Protection and				AT-3, d.3.a	
	Information Integrity				AT-3, d.3.b	
	c. Patch Management				AT-3, d.3.c	
	 d. Data backup and storage—centralized or decentralized approach 				AT-3, d.3.d	
	e. Most recent changes to the CJIS Security Policy				AT-3, d.3.e	
22.	Based on record examination, does the Tribe or TGRA include the following topics into appropriate role-based training content for Organizational Personnel with Security Responsibilities ⁸ , in addition to AT-3 d.1, 2 and 3?					
	a. Local Agency Security Officer Role				AT-3, d.4.a	
	b. Authorized Recipient Security Officer Role				AT-3, d.4.b	
	c. Additional state/local/tribal/territorial or				,	
	federal agency roles and responsibilities				AT-3, d.4.c	
	d. Summary of audit findings from previous				A.T. O. 1.4.1	
	NIGC audits of local agencies				AT-3, d.4.d	
	e. Findings from the last FBI CJIS Division audit				AT-3, d.4.e	
23.	Does the Tribe or TGRA provide all personnel with initial and annual training in the employment and operation of personally identifiable information processing and transparency controls when their unescorted logical or physical access to any information system results in the ability, right, or privilege to view, modify, or make use of unencrypted CJI?				AT-3, (5)	

 $^{^{7}}$ A user that is authorized (and, therefore, trusted) to perform security relevant functions that general users are not authorized to perform.

⁸ Personnel with the responsibility to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of CJI and the implementation of technology in a manner compliant with the CJISSECPOL.

#	QUESTION	YES	NO	N/A	STANDARD	COMMENT
24.	Does the Tribe or TGRA document and monitor information security and privacy training activities, including security and privacy awareness training and specific role-based security and privacy training?				AT-4, a	
	security and privacy training:				П-¬, α	
25.	Does the Tribe or TGRA retain individual training records for a minimum of three years?				AT-4, b	